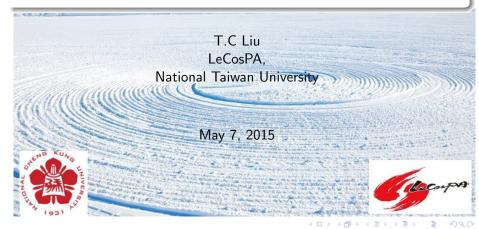
Neutrino Experiments at Antarctica

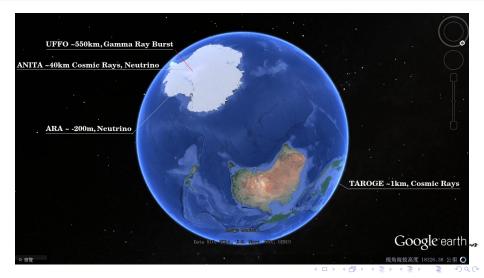


T.C Liu LeCosPA, National Taiwan University

Neutrino Experiments at Antarctica

May 7, 2015 1 / 57

Locations: The Participated Experiments of LeCosPA Center



Outline:

- Introduction of Cosmic rays & Neutrino
- Experiments ANITA
- Experiments ARA
- Results and Future plans





Neutrinos

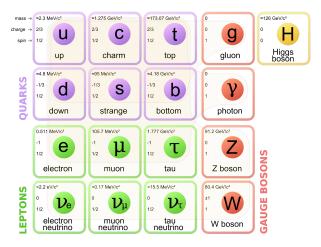




Figure : Neutrino only involves in weak interactions.



Fundamental Forces

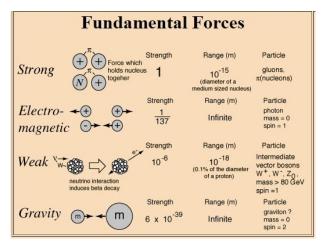




Figure : Fundamental Forces.



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Cross Section of Neutrino

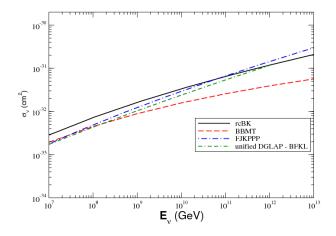


Figure : Neutrino cross section. [Phys.Rev. D83 (2011) 014014]

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Interaction Length of Neutrinos

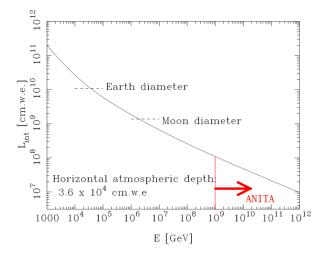
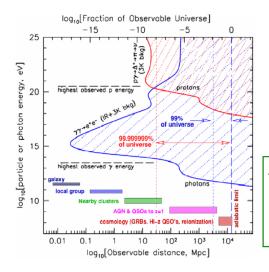


Figure : The neutrino interaction length (in centimeters water equivalent distance) [Astropart.Phys. 35 (2012) 383-395]

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Neutrinos: The Ideal UHE Messenger



- Photons lost above 100 TeV (pair production on CMB & IR)
- Protons and Nuclei suffer curvature induced by B fields
- But: we know there are sources up to 10²⁰ eV!!

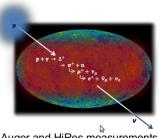
UHE Neutrino Detectors Study:

- Highest energy observation of extragalactic sources
- Very distant sources
- Deep into opaque sources

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from A. G. Vieregg

UHE Neutrino & GZK Effect

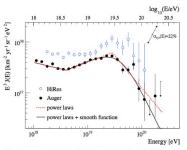


Auger and HiRes measurements of UHE cosmic rays consistent with GZK cut-off

Guaranteed GZK neutrino flux, but how large?

At energies above ~10^{19.5}eV cosmic rays will interact with CMB photons producing neutrinos

Process is known as the GZK effect



The Pierre Auger Collaboration (2010): Phys. Lett. B 685 (4-5): 239-246. HiRes Collaboration, Astropart. Phys. 32 (2009) 53.

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GZK Radius

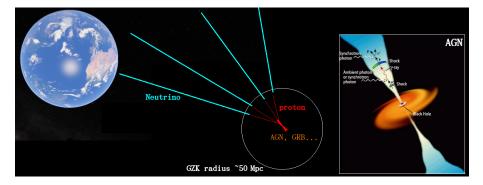


Figure : The UHE neutrinos can point back to the original UHE source without bending of B field.

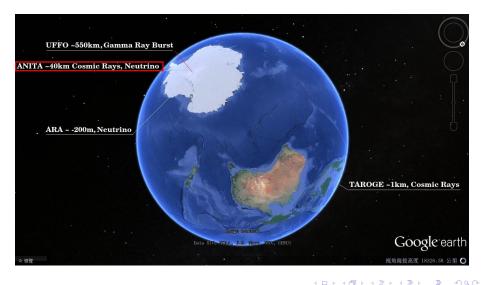
Short Summary: Why UHE Neutrinos

- Trace particle UHECR hyper-accelerators to very early epochs Even at z[~]10 or more, GZK neutrino energies peak at 10-100 PeV they all point back directly to the UHECR sources
- Their flux is constrained by UHECR sources, once determined Can become a quasi-isotropic "test beam" of UHE neutrinos
- Neutrino Flavor physics

Can encode source information by flavor ratio, even new physics (neutrino decay?)

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The ANtarctic Impulsive Transient Antenna (ANITA)



UHE Neutrino Interact with Earth

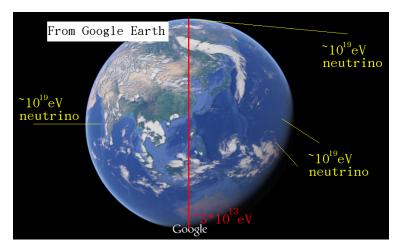


Figure : The interaction length of neutrino with $5*10^{13}$ eV is close to diameter of Earth. The interaction length for 10^{19} eV neutrino is $6*10^7~g/cm^2$

The ANITA Concept

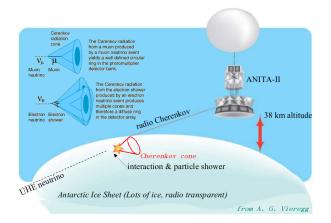


Figure : Cherenkov radiation is electromagnetic radiation emitted when a charged particle passes through a dielectric medium at a speed greater than the velocity of light in that medium.

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Coherent Radio Emission (Askaryan Radiation)

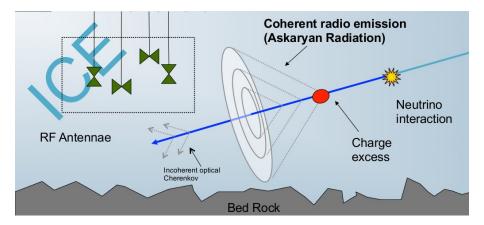
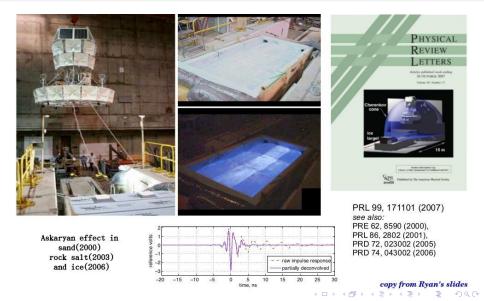
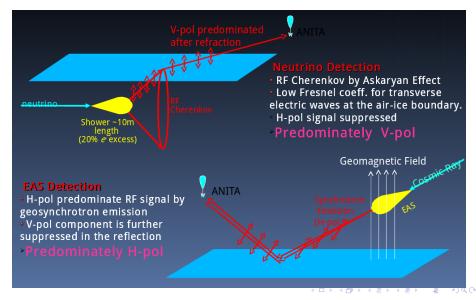


Figure : Detect radio emission from neutrino induced particle cascades in ice

Askaryan Radiation Experiment in SLAC



Signal Type (neutrino VS. EAS)



Setup of T-510 (Geo-Synchrotron Radiation)

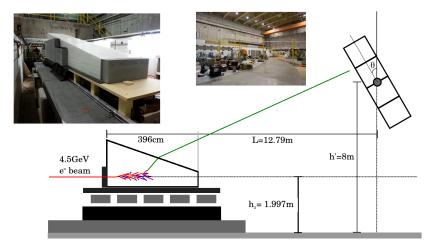


Figure : Electron beam creates secondary cascades in a 4 m long high-density polyethylene(HDPE) target placed in a magnetic field(up to 1000G).

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ANITAs



Figure : Before 2010, we already launched 2 balloons in Antarctica.



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Flight Path of ANITA & ANITA-II

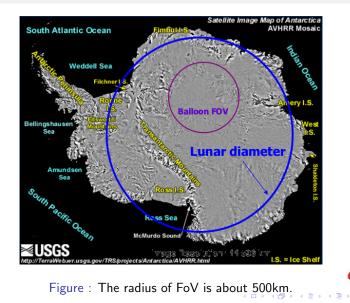
 Over 65 days of flight over
 Over 35 million triggered (noise) events Antarctica copy from Ryan's slides



Figure : flight path of ANITA & ANITA- II.



FoV of ANITA

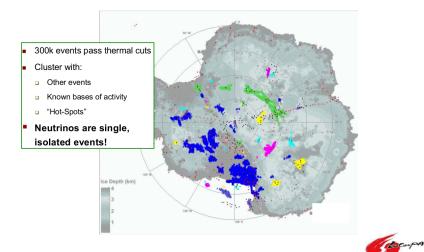






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Man-Made EVENTs of ANITA





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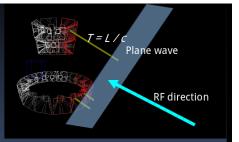
Event Reconstruction

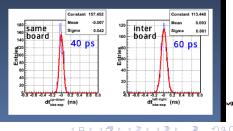
• Angular reconstruction is a crucial part in the ANITA data analysis.

- Powerful background rejection incoherent thermal events (99% of data set) anthropogenic RF events from existing bases air shower RF events.
- Neutrino reconstruction

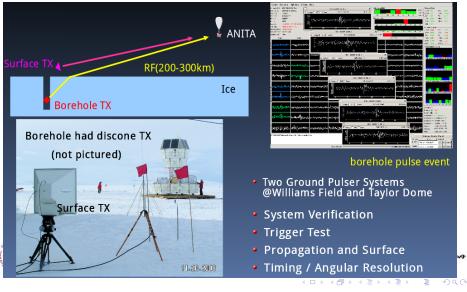
neutrino direction information provides R and refraction angle for energy measurement.

- Angular reconstruction using timing.
- time resolution; 40-60 ps (time difference between channels)
- Achieved angular resolution;
 0.2° (zenith) and 0.8° (azimuth.)

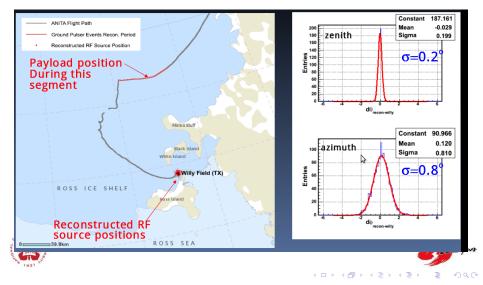




Ground Pluser System



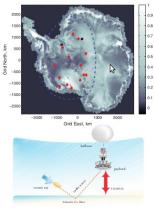
Angular Resolution



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Results of ANITA I & II (cosmic rays)

PRL 105, 151101 (2010)



- A combination of **vxB** and Fresnel coefficients result in air shower emission being horizontally polarised at the payload
- ANITA-I detected 16
 isolated H-pol candidate
 UHECR events
- ANITA-II did not trigger on the H-pol channels -Doh!!
- Still detected 5 UHECR candidate events

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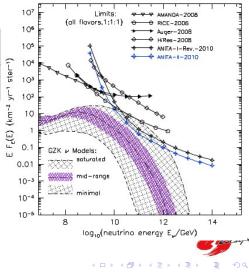
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Results of ANITA I & II (Neutrino)

ANITA-II Results

Isolated v-pol events	1	
Expected background events	0.97 ± 0.42	

 Combine with efficiency to extract world's best limit on UHE neutrino flux above 10¹⁹eV





The ANtarctic Impulsive Transient Antenna (ANITA-III)



Figure : ANITA-III instrument, 2014-1015.

Flight Path of ANITA-III 2014-2015

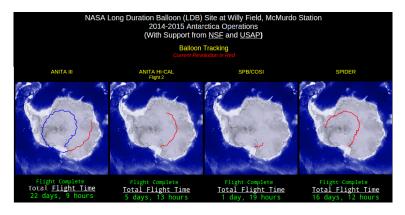


Figure : Flight path of ANITA III.

http://www.csbf.nasa.gov/antarctica/payloads.htm

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Time for video

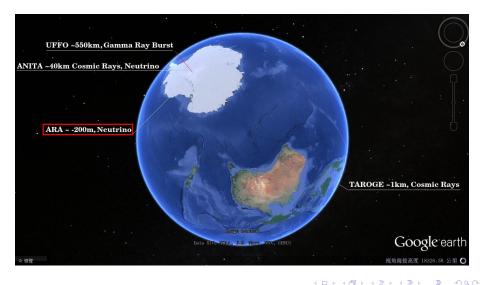
Time for Video !!!



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ARA at -200m

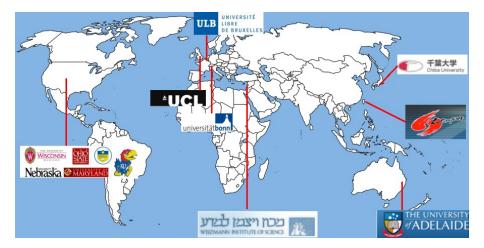


ARA at -200m

The Askaryan Radio Array (ARA) Detecting Neutrinos in Antarctica

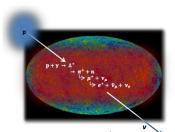


The ARA Collaboration



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The Askaryan Radio Array (ARA) is an Ultra High Energy (UHE) Neutrino Detector at the South Pole

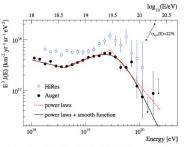


Auger and HiRes measurements of UHE cosmic rays consistent with GZK cut-off

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ARA-37

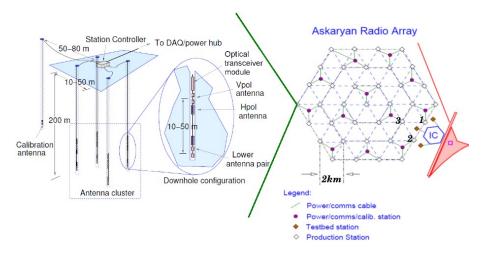


Figure : ARA 37 Layout, 37 Stations 200m below the surface~200km² coverage

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DAQ System and Antenna Cluster

ARA Sub-Station – DAQ

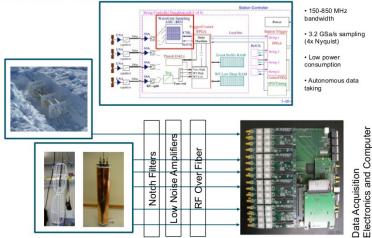
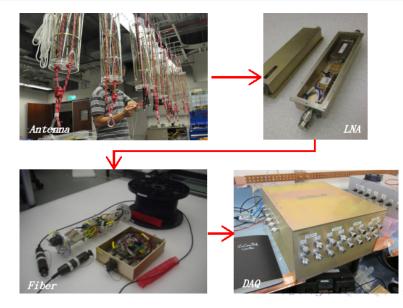


Figure : Each station has 4 string with 16 channels

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DAQ System and Antenna Cluster



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Build & Test in Taiwan



Figure : Building ARA2 & ARA3 last year

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Delivery

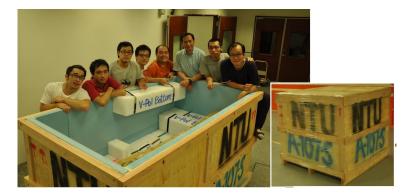


Figure : delivery for 2 stations

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Drilling and Deployment

- Hot water drill creates 6" wide holes
- Holes are pumped dry
- Approaching $\sim 8\,\text{hr}\times\sim 1$ drill crew per 200 m hole
- Instrumentation deployed from greenhouse sled



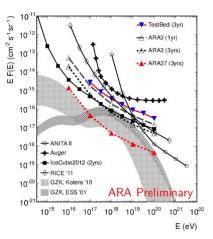




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Simulation & Expected Sensitivity

- In-house tool called AraSim
- Simulates
 - \rightarrow neutrino interaction
 - \rightarrow radio emmission
 - ightarrow radio propagation
 - \rightarrow instrument response
 - \rightarrow thermal, instrument noise
 - ightarrow hardware trigger
 - \rightarrow digitized waveforms
- Has been used to calculate trigger-level neutrino sensitivity



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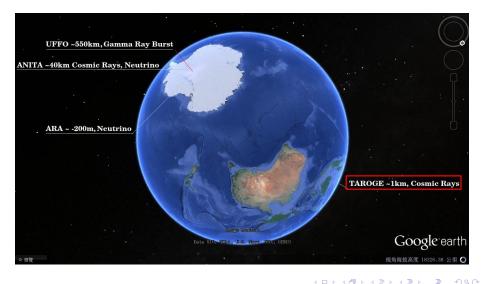
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Future Plans

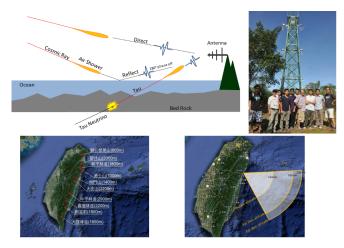
- ANITA-4 (2017): Neutrino & cosmic rays
- SWORD(TBD) :cosmic rays
- ARA37 (within 10 years): Neutrino
- TAROGE-10 (within 4 years): Neutrino & cosmic rays

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Outline: The Distribution of Experiments



Taiwan Astroparticle Radiowave Observatory for Geo-synchrotron Emission(TAROGE)



TAROGE I at He-Ping

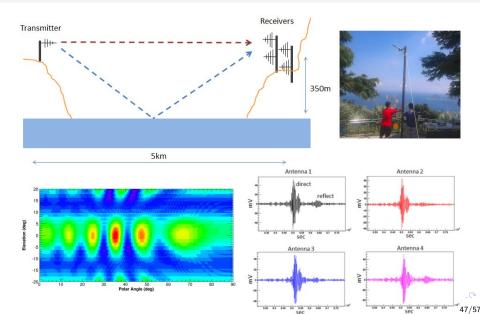


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TAROGE at 1200~2000m



Reflection Test of TAROGE



The Synoptic Wideband Orbiting Radio Detector (SWORD)

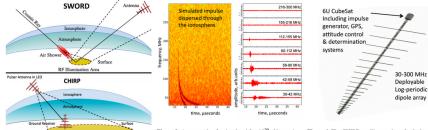


Figure 1: The top figure outlines the SWORD mission concept. The UHECR interacts in the atmosphere to produce an extended air shower. The geo-magnetic field separates the provinces and alextone in the shower to produce a gen-

Radio Illumination

Figure 2: An example of a simulated 2×10^{20} eV cosmic ray induced geo-synchrotron radio impulse after propagation through an ionospheric profile with 14 TECU. The spectrogram of the signal (left) shows the effect of dispersion and birefrignence (Equation 1) for a signal detected by a linearly polarized antenna. Waveforms (right) for the bands used in SWMPD shows the processively larger amount of Figure 4: The CHIRP satellite consists of a deployable logperiodic dipole antenna that is 4.7 meters in length with 3.7 meter longest dipole element. The antenna is stowed in a 1.5U volume of the 6U CubeSat bus, which contains all the major subsystems needed for the mission.

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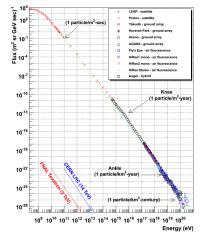
Future Plans

- ANITA-4 (2017): Neutrino & cosmic rays
- SWORD(TBD) :cosmic rays
- ARA37 (within 10 years): Neutrino
- TAROGE-10 (within 4 years): Neutrino & cosmic rays

Thank you!



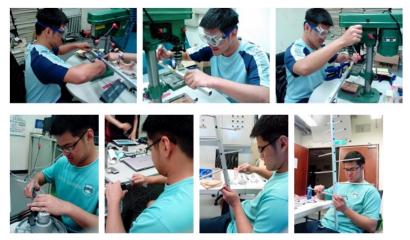
Cosmic Background Flux



Cosmic ray spectra of various experiment

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Building Antenna



Summer intern student from FJU and NCTU makeing the antenna.

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Testing Antenna

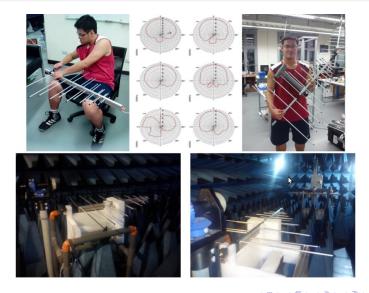


Figure : Summer intern students measure the antenna response.

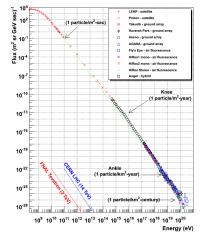
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LNAs of TAROGE



Cosmic Background Flux

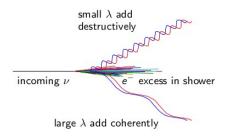


Cosmic ray spectra of various experiment

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Askaryan Effect

- Askaryan effect: Neutrinos with energy above $\sim 30 \text{ PeV}$ most efficiently detected with radio
- Delta-ray production, Compton scattering and positron annihilation give charge excess
- Compact bunch moves together
- Long wavelengths add coherently



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The South Pole has the perfect combination of ice volume, ice RF-transparency, and existing science infrastructure for this experiment.

References

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